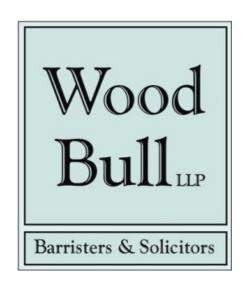


### Presentation to FCT Commercial Lawyer Roundtable

13 September 2017

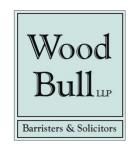
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### Land Use and Development After Bill 139 (and a Few Other Things)

13 September 2017

#### ABOUT WOOD BULL LLP



- Founded in 2003
- Dennis Wood and Mary Bull
  - partners at McCarthy Tétrault
  - 6 lawyers, 2 land use planners
- Specialty law firm
  - focuses exclusively on municipal, planning and development law

#### **CLIENTS**



- Private sector (landowners, developers)
- Public sector (municipalities, school boards)
  - Canadian ApartmentProperties REIT (CAPREIT)
  - Morguard Investments Ltd
  - Slate Asset Management
  - SmartREIT
  - Walmart Canada
  - Mondelez Canada (formerly Kraft)
  - Coco Group

- First Capital
- Talisker Corporation
- Hudson's Bay Company
- Ontario Stone, Sand & Gravel
  - Association (OSSGA)
- City of Mississauga
- City of Windsor
- Town of Whitby
- Toronto District School Board

#### REPRESENTATIVE WORK



- Retail: development approvals for over 40 shopping centres across
   Ontario
- **Urban infill**: development approvals for high-density residential and mixed-use commercial projects, including minor variances
- **Greenfield development:** development approvals for plans of subdivisions
- Manufacturing: protecting existing industries from adjacent incompatible development
- **Aggregates**: approvals for pits and quarries and monitoring changes to municipal and provincial policy that affect the aggregate industry
- Municipal Finance: development charge studies and appeals

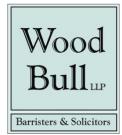
### SCOPE OF PRACTICE

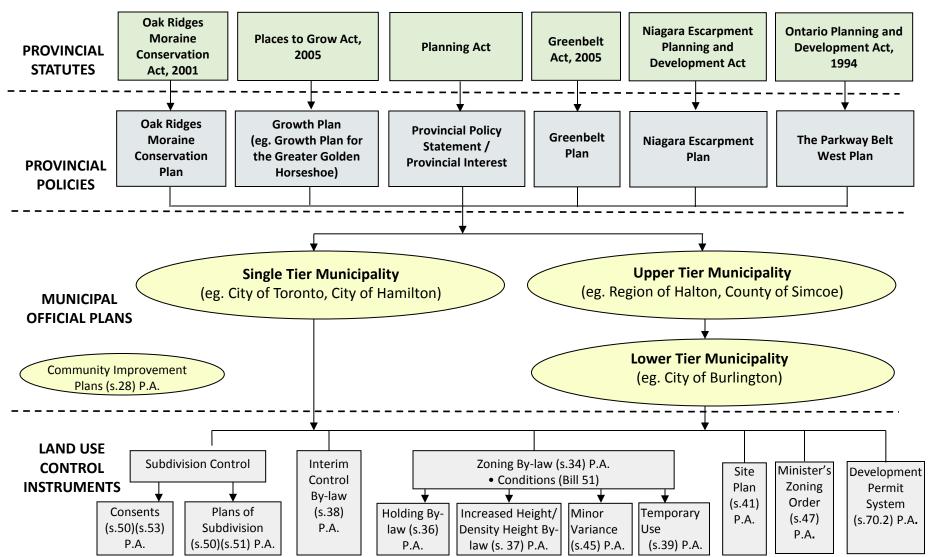


Assisting clients with all aspects of the planning & development approvals process, including:

- Official Plans & Zoning By-laws
- Minor Variances
- Severances/Consents
- Plans of Subdivision
- Development Agreements, Landowner Cost-Sharing Agreements, Section 37 Agreements
- Development Charges
- Heritage Approvals
- Aggregate Approvals
- Endangered Species Act permits
- Site alteration agreements/permits

### ONTARIO'S POLICY-LED PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM



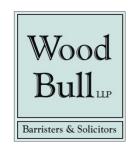


### BILL 139 (2<sup>nd</sup> Reading): OMB REPLACED



- Say "goodbye" to the Ontario Municipal Board
- Say "hello" to the Local Planning Appeal Tribunal
- Say "hello" to the Local Planning Appeal Support Centre
- Say "hello" to significantly greater municipal council power over development decisions
- Say "hello" to severe limitations on appeals (by developers and ratepayers)

### IMPLICATIONS OF BILL 139



- Significant Change in the Development Business Model
- Future development approval process will be much more political
- Enhanced importance of public sector planners in the process
- Significant reduction in reliance on appeals to the Ontario Municipal Board (to achieve development approvals)
- Uncertainty of/increase length of approvals, with limited ability to appeal refusals/non-decisions

### CURRENT SCENARIOS WHERE NO RIGHT TO APPEAL



### (public amendments)

- Entire OPs (i.e. no **global appeals**)
- OP policies and zoning by-laws that authorize and implement second units and affordable housing inclusionary zoning policies
- Parts of OP that:
  - Identify areas set out in other legislation e.g. Lake Simcoe watershed, Greenbelt Area, Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan Area
  - Identify Growth Plan forecasts of population and employment growth
  - Identify **boundary of settlement area** to reflect settlement areas in approved upper tier municipalities

## CURRENT SCENARIOS WHERE NO RIGHT TO APPEAL (private amendments)



- Non-decisions and refusals of private OP amendments and zoning by-law amendments re:
  - New/altering settlement area boundaries
  - Removal of lands from **employment areas**
  - Amending inclusionary zoning

# BILL 139: ADDITIONAL SCENARIOS WHERE NO RIGHT TO APPEAL



- OP policies and zoning by-laws identifying **major transit station areas** and establishing permitted uses or min/max densities and heights in these areas
- OP policies that result from a PPS consistency/Provincial Plan conformity amendment exercise
- Any new comprehensive municipal OP that the Minister has approved

### BILL 139: APPEAL OF APPROVAL AUTHORITY DECISIONS



#### Appeal can only be made if the decision:

- is inconsistent with a policy statement,
- fails to conform with or conflicts with a provincial plan,
- fails to conform with the upper-tier municipality's official plan [for lower-tier OPs and OPAs], or
- fails to conform with an applicable official plan [for ZBAs] [Planning Act subsections 17 (24.0.1), 17 (36.0.1), 34 (19.0.1)]

### BILL 139: PRIVATE APPEAL OF REFUSAL OR NON-DECISION

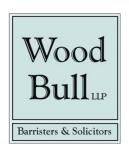


#### Appeal can only be made if

- (a) the **existing** part or parts of the official plan or bylaw affected by the subject amendment:
  - are inconsistent with a policy statement
  - fail to conform with or conflict with a provincial plan
  - fail to conform with the upper-tier municipality's official plan [for lower-tier OPAs] or
  - fail to conform with an applicable official plan [for ZBAs];

<u>and</u>

# BILL 139: PRIVATE APPEAL OF COUNCIL REFUSAL OR NON-DECISION



- (b) the requested amendment:
  - is consistent with policy statements
  - conforms with or does not conflict with provincial plans
  - conforms with the upper-tier municipality's official plan [for lower-tier OPAs] <u>and</u>
  - conforms with applicable official plans [for ZBAs]

[*Planning Act* subsections 22 (7.0.0.1), 34 (11.0.0.0.2)]

### REAL ESTATE PRACTICE (taking into consideration Bill 139)



### 1. Due Diligence

- a) Know what you're buying
- b) Know the potential of what you're buying

#### 2. Protect the asset

### DUE DILIGENCE



### a) Know what you're buying

- Existing policy and zoning (as of right permissions)
- Emerging policy and zoning

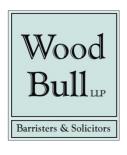
#### DUE DILIGENCE



## b) Know the (development) potential of what you're buying

- Identify necessary approvals
- Potential to change policy and zoning
- Potential to obtain other approvals (e.g. permit to remove trees)
- Timing of approvals process

### DUE DILIGENCE – Red Flags



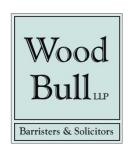
- Employment Lands
  - Conversion to permit residential, major retail uses
- Cultural Heritage (onsite and adjacent)
- Natural Heritage (onsite and adjacent)
  - Wildlife habitat
  - Natural heritage systems
- Rural Considerations
  - Settlement area boundaries/expansions
  - Agricultural lands
- More after Bill 139 e.g. major transit station areas

## DUE DILIGENCE — Cultural Heritage



- Subject property designated under Part IV of the Ontario Heritage Act (OHA)
- Subject property within **Heritage Conservation Districts (HCD)** designated under Part V of the OHA
- Subject property listed in municipal heritage register, but not designated under Part IV of the OHA
- Archaeological resources/archaeological potential:
  - Identified in provincial database (known sites)
  - Identified in municipal Archaeological Management Plans

## DUE DILIGENCE — Cultural Heritage



- What are the implications of heritage resources on the subject property?
- What are the implications of the subject property being <u>adjacent</u> to properties with heritage resources?

### PROTECT THE ASSET



- Monitor emerging provincial policies and plans
- Monitor emerging municipal official plan policies (and related zoning by-laws)
  - Currently: right to appeal to OMB
  - Bill 139: no right to appeal unless decision does not conform with provincial policies or is inconsistent with provincial/municipal official plans (significantly limits appeals)

#### PROTECT THE ASSET



- Monitor development proposals (private applications) in the neighbourhood
  - Currently: right to appeal to OMB/TLAB
  - Bill 139: no right to appeal unless decision does not conform with provincial policies or is inconsistent with provincial/municipal official plans (significantly limits appeals)

### PROTECT THE ASSET



#### **Example: New City of Toronto City-wide Zoning By-law**

For an industrial area previously zoned "M2" in the former North York zoning by-law, the new "E" zone no longer permits the following uses:

- Adult education school
- Banquet hall
- College
- Commercial school
- Car rental agency

- Golf course
- Hotel
- Motor vehicle dealership
- Museum
- Place of worship

- Public library
- University uses
- Veterinary clinic
  - Restaurants greater than 300 sq.m. or 10% of building floor area

# CONSENTS/VARIANCES – TORONTO LOCAL APPEAL BODY (TLAB) REPLACES OMB



- All Toronto Committee of Adjustment appeals (filed after May 3, 2017) go to the TLAB
- Exception: related matter going to the OMB under another provision of the *Planning Act*
- All Toronto site plan appeals go to the TLAB (after Bill 139)
- TLAB more formalistic than OMB (and potentially more expensive)



Dennis Wood 416-203-7718 dwood@woodbull.ca Johanna Shapira 416-203-5631 jshapira@woodbull.ca

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